# 2.07 Permit Application Checklist for Diesel Generators, Diesel Fire Pumps, and Fuel Tanks Serving Generators and Fire Pumps (2019)

**Reference:** Documents referenced for this bulletin are the current adopted editions of the following: San Francisco Fire Code (SFFC), including Section 1203; San Francisco Building Code (SFBC); San Francisco Mechanical Code (SFMC); NFPA 13, Installation of Sprinkler Systems; NFPA 37, Stationary Combustion Engines and Gas Turbines; NFPA 30, Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code; California Electrical Code; San Francisco Electrical Code; NFPA 110, Emergency and Standby Power Systems; NFPA 704, Standard System for the Identification of the Hazard of Materials for Emergency response.

#### Purpose:

This checklist has been developed primarily for fuel installations in buildings. Outdoor fuel installations will require further information. This checklist is designed to assist designers, installers, plan reviewers, and field inspectors. This checklist shall be prepared by the design professional and shall be stamped and wet-signed.

This document is not all-inclusive of all requirements for fuel installations, and it is the responsibility of the designer to research the applicable codes. In addition to these requirements, the applicant is advised to contact the San Francisco Department of Public Health at (415) 252-3900 for their requirements as the designated Hazardous Materials Unified Program Agency.

#### **Definitions:**

**Emergency Power Supply System (EPSS)**: A complete functioning EPS system coupled to a system of conductors, disconnecting means and over-current protective devices, transfer switches, and all control, supervisory, and support devices up to and including the load terminals of the transfer equipment needed for the system to operate as a safe and reliable source of electric power.

**Level 1-**Includes the following: emergency lighting, exit signs, fire alarm, sprinkler alarm, and detection systems, fire pumps where backup power is required, controls for smoke control equipment required by the Building Code, elevator car lighting. Includes all loads classified as Emergency Systems by the NEC.

**Level 2**-Includes elevators requiring emergency power, and could include heating and refrigeration systems, communications systems, ventilation and smoke removal systems (except controls), sewerage disposal, lighting, and industrial processes that, when stopped due to any interruption of the primary electrical supply, could create hazards or hamper rescue or fire-fighting operations. Includes all loads classified as Legally Required Standby by the NEC. **Tank**: A vessel containing more than 60 gallons.

**Listing Requirement:** The stationary emergency and standby generator systems are required to be listed in accordance with UL 2200, (Reference CFC 1203.1.1).

**NOTE**: The following AB 2.07 "Checklist" (including the AB 2.07 Cover Page) shall be printed on the title sheets (or as near the front of the plan set as practicable) of every plan submitted with building permit applications for diesel generators, diesel fire pumps, tanks, and/or piping, and to be completed by the design engineer for the submittal. Be sure to answer ALL parts of the following checklist where applicable. If appropriate enter "N/A" ("Not Applicable").

Circle all bullet point numbers that are applicable & check \_\_\_\_ALL of the information (where provided) that is relevant to the project and/or supply specific information as required in the blank sections. Where noted, provide the appropriate Discipline/Title taking responsibility for the answers in this checklist:

Legend for Discipline/Title: 'ME"=Mechanical Engineer; "A"=Architect; "FPE"=Fire Protection Engineer; "E"=Electrical Engineer"

#### **CHECKLIST**

## Diesel Generators, Diesel Fire Pumps & Fuel Tanks Serving Generators and/or Fire Pumps

1	Number of diesel generators under this permit application.			
Number of diesel fire pumps under this application.				
	Number of diesel fuel storage tanks under this application.			
	Location(s) of generators or fire pumps under this application:			
	In building, floor			
	On roof			
	Detached structure			
	Outdoors:			
	Minimum distance from adjacent buildings:			
Minimum distance to adjacent property lines:				
	Type of diesel fuel tank			
Aboveground (Atmospheric)				
	Underground (Atmospheric)			
	Fire Resistant Aboveground Tank (Tank, not building components) (Atmospheric)			
	Underground Vault			
	Secondary Containment Aboveground Tank Indoors Outdoors			
	UL Listed UL 142 Double Wall Tank			
	UL Listed UL 2085 Protected Aboveground Tank			
	Other Specialty Tank, Please specify			
	Location(s) of diesel fuel storage tanks (include day tanks) under this application.			
	In building, floor Number of gallons			
	On roof. Number of gallons			
	Outdoors. Number of gallons			
	Aboveground or Underground			
	Generator or Fire Pump will be located in a combustible-free room or enclosure?			
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]			
	Air Filter is of the type that will not burn freely when exposed to fire?			
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]			

	Explain how sufficient air for combustion, proper cooling, and adequate ventilation is provided for generator or fire pump?
	For fuel tank(s)?
	Generator or Fire Pump make, model number, rated capacity, & listing agency
	Separate Fire Department permit is required (amount of diesel in building exceeds 25 gallons, or 60 gallons outside.)
	(Reference: SFFC Section 105.6.16, number 3):
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]
	The aggregate total volume of diesel in the building after this installation will be gallons. (Aggregate total in building affects room design for fire rating. NFPA 37, 6.3.2.2, 6.3.2.3)
	Liquid storage room is properly placarded in accordance with NFPA 704 and when located in a high-rise building,
	hazardous material inventory and locations are prominently posted on a permanent placard in the fire control room,
	SFFC, Sections 5003.5, 5003.6, 5703.5, and 5704.2.3.
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]
	Generator serves which type of loads as defined by NFPA 110 (See definitions above). Check all applicable boxes:
	Level 1 or Emergency Systems
	Level 2 or Legally Required Standby
	Optional-Base Building loads
	Optional-Tenant Loads
	If installation serves optional loads, is the intent of the installation to keep the business up and running during a
	power failure (building occupied)?
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]
	GENERATOR / FIRE PUMP (circle one) #1 consumes gallons of diesel per hour @ 100% rated load
	GENERATOR / FIRE PUMP (circle one) #2 consumes gallons of diesel per hour @ 100% rated load
	GENERATOR / FIRE PUMP (circle one) #3 consumes gallons of diesel per hour @ 100% rated load
	(Attach additional sheets if necessary)
	Starting <b>kVA</b> of the generator is If more than one generator, attach info
Running <b>kVA</b> of the generator is If more than one generator, attach info	
	Provide a list (minimum 11 $\times$ 17-inch sheet) of all equipment served by the generator and "demand" calculations
	Attached / Scanned (circle one) onto plan set. If applicable, also provide information regarding separate loads by
	Levels 1, 2 and optional. Indicate if load shedding is provided.
	Levels 1, 2 and optional. Indicate if load shedding is provided.

## **ENGINES LOCATED IN STRUCTURES**

(Answer 20-21) (If installing an engine inside a structure.)

	20-21 not applicable				
20.	What is the fire rating of the walls and opening protection in the room where the engine is located? Note, minimum				
	one-hour fire barrier separation shall be provided for engines installed in a building. The system shall be designed				
	in such a way that required opening protection is provided without choking off vital combustion air and ventilation.)				
	Reference: SFBC Section 442.				
	1-hour				
	2-hour				
	3-hour				
С	OTHER				
21.	Fully Sprinklered building, per NFPA 13?				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
	If no, interior openings are not permitted between the Engine Room and other portions of the building, except Group				
	I and R-2.1 occupancies. Reference SFBC, Section 442.2.2.1				
	ENGINES LOCATED ON ROOFS				
	(Answer 22-23) if you are installing an engine on a roof.				
	22-23 not applicable				
22.	Engines and their weatherproof housings, if provided, that are installed on roof structures shall be located at least				
	(5ft) for structures having combustible walls and wall openings, NFPA 37, 4.1.3.1. A				
	minimum separation shall not be required where all of the following conditions exist:				
	<ul> <li>The adjacent wall has a rating of at least 1 hour.</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>The weatherproof enclosure is constructed on noncombustible material, and it has been demonstrated that</li> </ul>				
	a fire within the enclosure will not ignite combustible materials outside the enclosure. Note: Corrosion				
	protection is required for fuel tanks per SFFC, Section 5704.2.7.9				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
23.	Where engine or skid mounted assembly containing an engine is mounted on a roof, the surface beneath the engine				
	and beyond the engine, and any containment dike is noncombustible to a minimum distance of 12 inches Reference:				
	NFPA 37, Section 1.3.3				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
	ENGINES LOCATED OUTDOORS				
	(Answer 24 if you are installing an engine outdoors)				
	24 not applicable				
24. Er	ngines and their weatherproof housings are located at least 5 ft. from openings in walls and at least 5 ft. from structures				
	having combustible walls. Reference: NFPA 37, Section 4.1.4				
	The adjacent wall has a rating of at least 1 hour.				

	a fire within the enclosure will not ignite combustible materials outside the enclosure.				
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	<b>Note:</b> Corrosion protection is required for fuel tanks per SFFC, Section 5704.2.7.				
	ENGINES HANDLING HAZARDOUS MATERIALS (Other than their own fuel supply)				
	(Answer 25-28 when applicable)				
	25-28 not applicable				
25.	Engine is suitably isolated from areas not having a similar hazard. Reference: NFPA 37, Section 4.4.1YES				
	orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
26.	Provisions for the venting of an explosion with minimal structural damage is provided. Reference: NFPA 37, Section				
	4.4.2.				
07	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
27.	Rooms containing engines located within structures have interior walls, floors, and ceilings of at least 2-hour fire				
	resistance rating. Reference: NFPA 37, Section 4.4.2				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
28.	Rooms containing engines are adequately ventilated from a non-hazardous area. Reference: NFPA 37, Section				
	4.4.2				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
	ENGINE WIRING (Answer 29-31 for all engine installations.)				
	29-31 not applicable				
29.	Wiring is in accordance with NFPA 70 and NFPA 37, Section 4.5				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
30.	Are the Electrical circuits designed to be fail-safe , i.e. Engine shuts down automatically in case of control wire				
	break, disconnect, or cutting. Reference: NFPA 37, Section 4.5.3.4				
	YES, circuits are fail safe orNO, circuits are <u>not</u> fail safe or N/A				
31.	Batteries, wiring, and electrical protective devices are protected against arcing and accidental shorting.				
	Reference: NFPA 37, Section 4.5.				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
	ENGINE EXHAUST (Answer 32-33 for ALL engine installations)				
	32-33 not applicable				
32.	Engine exhaust termination location is				
	(Required to terminate outside structure at a point where hot gases, sparks, or products of combustion will be				
	discharged harmlessly and guarded to prevent personnel burns where necessary).				
	Reference: NFPA 37, Section 8.2.3.				
33.	Anticipated engine exhaust temperature Reference NFPA 37, Section 8.3 and 8.4 for clearance				
	requirements.				

	. <u>ENGINE REQUIREMENTS</u> (Answer 34-39 for all engine installations) 34-39 not applicable				
34.	Is Engine provided with an automatic engine speed control, as required? Reference: NFPA 37, Section 9.1				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
35.	Reciprocating engines that are 10 Horsepower or more are provided with ALL of the following:YES or				
	NO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
	<ul> <li>Device for high jacket water temperature or, high cylinder temperature</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Device for low lubricating oil pressure or, in the case of a splash lubricated engine, for low oil level</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Provisions for shutting down the engine at the engine and a remote location</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>An automatic engine shutdown device for engine over-speed</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>An automatic engine shutdown device for high-lubricating oil temperature</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Provisions for shutting down, from a remote location, lubricating oil pumps not driven by the engine.</li> </ul>				
	Reference: NFPA 37, Section 9.2.1				
36.	Combustion gas turbine engines are equipped with the item in 34 above, and at least ALL of the following additional features:				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
	<ul> <li>An automatic main speed control and over speed shutdown control</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>A backup over speed shutdown control that is independent from the main control specified above</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>An automatic engine shutdown device for low lubricating oil pressure</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>An automatic engine shutdown device for high exhaust temperatures</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Provisions for shutting down the engine from a remote location</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Provisions for shutting down, from a remote location, lubricating oil pumps not directly driven by</li> </ul>				
	the engine				
	<ul> <li>An automatic shutdown device for high exhaust temperatures</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>A means of automatically shutting off the fuel supply in the event of a flameout Reference: NFPA</li> </ul>				
	37, Section 9.3				
37.	One set of operating and maintenance procedures will be located where readily accessible to personnel operating				
	or maintaining equipment. Reference: NFPA 37, Section 10.1				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
38.	Emergency shutdown procedures will be conspicuously posted near the engine indicating the location of the fue				
	shutoff valve(s). Reference: 2015 Edition of NFPA 37, Section 10.2YES orNO orN/A				
	[DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
39.	Remote Emergency Power Off (EPO) in high-rise buildings shall be located in Fire Command Center (FCC)				
	FUEL SUPPLY/FUEL TANKS (Answer 40-87 for all fuel tank installations) 40-87 not applicable				
40.	Fuel Tank is listed. Make, model, listing agency:				

41.	Tank is constructed of:					
	Combustible Materials: as allowed per NFPA 30, Section 21.4.1.2 (1 and 2)					
	Noncombustible Materials					
42.	Engine-mounted tanks securely mounted on the engine assembly and protected against vibration, physical					
	damage, engine heat, and the heat of exhaust piping.					
	Reference: NFPA 37, Section 6.3.1					
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]					
43.	Indoor and roof fuel tanks are securely mounted on substantial noncombustible supports.					
	Reference: NFPA 37, Sections 6.3.2.1, and 6.3.4.					
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]					
44.	Fully Sprinklered Building per NFPA 13 (affects exempt amounts). Reference: CBC, Table 307.1(1), and SFFC					
	Section 5003.1.1 and Table 5003.1.1(1)					
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]					
45.	Tank is located in an exhausted enclosure (affects exempt amounts). Reference: CBC, Table 307.1(1), and SFFC					
	Section 5003.1.1 and Table 5003.1.1(1)					
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]					
47.	Section 5.4.2 YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]  Tank has a nominal capacity of 480 gallons or less, building is fully sprinklered in accordance with NFPA 13, and tank is located in an exhausted enclosure. Reference: SFBC, Table 307.1(1), & SFFC Section 5003.1.1 and Table 5003.1.1(1)					
	Yes (If yes, do not answer questions 48-55.) orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]					
48.	Tank has a nominal capacity of more than 480 gallons and is located in a room with the proper occupancy separation					
	for H-3 occupancies (SFBC, Table 508.4).					
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]					
49.	You must also answer questions 49-55 (most restrictive section applies)  Fire rating provided is for separation from a occupancy. Building is fully					
<del>-</del> 13.	sprinklered per NFPA 13, and tank is located in an exhausted enclosure. Interior wall and ceiling finish per SFFC,					
	Table 803.3. Shelving, racks, and wainscoting in such rooms shall be non-combustible material compatible with the					
	hazardous material stored. Reference: SFFC 5003.8.5.1 and 5003.9.9					
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]					
50.	Room where diesel tank is located is less than 1000 sq. ft. in area, not required to have an exterior wall.					
	Reference: SFBC, Section 415.3, exception 2					
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]					

51.	Room where diesel tank is located is as required by NFPA 30, Section 9.9, but not less than that required by				
	SFBC, Table 508.4 Reference: NFPA 30 Section 9.9				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
52.	Room where diesel tank is located is greater than 1000 sq. ft. in area, 25% of the perimeter wall shall be an exterior				
	wall. Two exits are required; with one door directly to the exterior, that also serves as Fire Department access.				
	Reference: SFBC, Section 1015.1 and Table 1015.1				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
53.	Fuel tank exceeds 660 gallons; the tank must be in a room by itself. Reference: NFPA 37, Section 6.3.2.2				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
54.	Amount of fuel connected to any one engine exceeds 660 gallons, or the aggregate capacities of all fuel tanks in a				
	structure exceed 1320 gallons. Provide a technical report, justifying design in regard to: recognized engineering				
	practices, with suitable fire detection, fire suppression, and containment means, to prevent the spread of fire beyond				
	the room of origin. Report shall be prepared without charge to the City- Approval of storage amounts in this category				
	requires specific approval of the Fire Marshal. Reference: NFPA 37, Section 6.3.2.2 and 6.3.2.3, SFFC, 5704.2.10				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
55.	Spill control / Leakage control in accordance with SFFC, Section 5004.2 is provided. Reference: SFFC, Sections				
	5704.2.10; and SFBC, Section 415.6.2.5				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
	Method used:				
56.	Indoor secondary containment in accordance with SFFC Section 5004.2.2 is provided. Volume of largest vessel +				
	20 minutes sprinkler flow for room or minimum sprinkler design area, whichever is smallest. A monitoring method				
	to detect hazardous materials in the secondary containment system is required (leak detection), and shall be				
	equipped with a distinct visual or audible alarm to an approved area and signage per SFBC, Section 415.6.2.6.				
	Reference: SFFC Sections 5004.2.2.1, 5004.2.2.3, 5004.2.2.4, and 5004.2.2.5; and CBC Section 415.6.2				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
	Method used: Include volume of secondary containment and justification (attach calculations).				
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57.	Fuel Tank is filled via a closed piping system with remote fill. Required for all new installations of aboveground				
	storage tanks in buildings, unless specifically approved by the Fire Marshal. Reference: SFFC, Sections 5703.6 &				
	5704.2.7.5.6				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
58.	Remote fill inlet is located outside of building, free from sources of ignition and a minimum of 5 ft. away from building				
	openings or of lines of property that can be built on. Opening is provided with a tamper-proof, liquid-tight cap which				
	is closed when not in use and is properly identified. Reference: SFFC, Sections 5704.2.7.5.2 and 5704.2.7.5.6				

	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]			
59.	Remote fill inlet is provided with a permanent spill containment basin to prevent the inflow of hazardous substances			
	into the environment. Reference: SFFC, Section 5704.2.9.7.7			
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]			
60.	An audible and visual alarm for ALL leak sensors; High and High High fuel levels at the fill port.			
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]			
61.	Service personnel (driver) has visual sight of the fuel port, alarm panel and fuel truck when fueling.			
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]			
62.	Overfill protection shall be provided in accordance with SFFC, Sections 5704.2.7.5.8, 5704.2.9.7.5, 5704.2.9.7.5.1 and 5704.2.9.7.5.2			
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]			
63.	All tank openings are in accordance with SFBC, Section 415.6.2.10; CFC, Section 5703.6.7; and NFPA 30, Section 24.14			
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]			
64.	Metallic fill pipes are designed to minimize the generation of static electricity by terminating the pipe within 6 inches of the bottom of the tank, and will be installed to avoid excessive vibration. SFFC, Section 5704.2.7.5.5			
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]			
65.	Piping systems are supported and protected against physical damage and excessive stresses in accordance with MSS SP-69, Pipe Hangers & Supports–Selection and Application. Flexible connectors are provided to protect the piping system against damage caused by settlement, vibration, expansion, contraction, or corrosion. Reference: NFPA 37, Section 6.8.2			
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]			
	Flexible connector details and specifications are included with this submittal. Make and model number:			
66.	Fuel piping supports are protected against exposure to fire by one or more of the following:			
	Draining liquid away from piping system at a minimum slope of not less than 1 percent, or			
	Providing protection with a fire-resistive rating of not less than 2 hours, orOther			
	approved methods. Please specify:			
	Reference: NFPA 30, Section 27.6.2; NFPA 37, 6.8; and SFFC, Sections 5703.6.2 and 5703.6.8			
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]			
67.	All equipment, tanks, piping, pumps, etc. listed for their respective application and complete equipment list with			
	submittal data submitted with the building permit plans.			
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]			
68.	Tank is provided with vents for normal venting in accordance with SFFC Section 5704.2.7.3 (If tank is double-			
	wall construction, interstitial space shall be vented also).			
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]			

69.	Size of tank normal vent piping is, determined by (circle one) NFPA 30 Section 21.4.3 API Standard				
	2000. Size of emergency vent piping is, determined by NFPA 30, Section 22.7. Provide				
	manufactures UL listing for tank vent sizes. Attach all calculations to verify vent calculations.				
70.	Location of vent pipe outlet(s) for tank:				
	Vents shall be vented not less than 12 ft. above the adjacent ground level, shall be vented upward or horizontally				
	away from closely adjacent walls, so that vapors will not be trapped by eaves or other obstructions, and shall be at				
	least 5 ft. from building openings or property lines of properties that can be built on. Reference: SFFC, Section				
	5704.2.7.3.3				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
71.	Check the appropriate responses for the tank being installed as applicable (check all that				
	apply:				
	(a) UL 142 Tank is provided with emergency venting in accordance with SFFC Section 5704.2.7.4 and NFPA 30				
	Section 22.7				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
	(b) UL 2085-Secondary Contained Protected Tank with emergency vents allowed to discharge inside the building				
	in accordance with SFFC 5704.2.7.4 exception no.2 and NFPA 30, Section 22.7 and complies with all				
	requirements of UL 2085 and the following:				
	Shall not discharge into a lesser hazard area;				
	Shall not discharge into a normally occupied space;				
	The emergency vent cap shall be equipped with a listed flame arrestor;				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
72.	Room where tank is located is ventilated in accordance with SFFC, Sections 5004.3 and 5004.3.1				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
73.	Tank supports and connections are designed to resist damage as a result of seismic activity. Reference: SFFC,				
	Sections 5003.2.8, and 5704.2.9.3; and NFPA 30, Section 22.5.				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
74.	Piping, valves, tanks, or fittings are subject to vehicular damage. (Guard posts or other approved means of				
	protection shall be installed) Reference: SFFC, Sections 5003.9.3 and 5704.2.9.7.5				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
75.	Fuel supply system is provided with adequate alarms, float-controlled valves, or mechanical or remote-reading-				
	level gauges or protected sight glass gauges to aid personnel in properly operating the fuel system. Reference:				
	NFPA 37, Section 6.5.2 (Note: all openings are restricted to the top of the tank).				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
76.	All piping is double-walled, meets the requirements SFFC Section 5003.2.2, 5004.2.2.5, 5703.6 and 5704.2.8.11				
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	and is provided with a leak-detection system. Provide leak detection alarm SPBC Section 415.9.1.5, 415.5 and
	SFFC, Section 5004.2.2.5, with supervision as required by SFBC Section 415.5.3 transmitting a trouble signal to a
	central station. The leak detection shall also provide Emergency Alarm per SFBC Section 415.5.1and SFFC
	Section 5004.9. All piping is "double wall" unless within a containment area.
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]
77.	The Fire Alarm panel shall have the 5 points listed below; that call to the remote monitoring station individually:
	1. All leak sensors. 2. Generator running. 3. Low fuel. 4. Trouble. 5. Not in Auto
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]
78.	Above ground fuel piping shall be schedule 40 welded steel for the primary fuel piping and schedule 10 welded steel for the secondary fuel piping or other listed product approved for above ground us.
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]
79.	List product used for above ground fuel piping:
80.	If using product other than schedule 40 welded steel for the primary and schedule 10 welded steel for the secondary, provide listing showing product is approved for above ground use.
81.	Fuel line for underground fuel piping listed by an approved testing company (for proposed use).
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]
82.	Listed underground pipe transitions to steel outside the building in a transition box in the ground.
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]
83.	Stationary-powered fuel pumps supplying fuel tanks have stop controls sensitive to a tank's high liquid level.
	Reference: NFPA 37, Section 6.5.3
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]
84.	Fuel tanks supplied by pumps are provided with an overflow line, a high-level alarm, and a high-level automatic
	shut-off. Overflow piping complies with section. Reference: NFPA 37, Section 6.5.4
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]
85.	Clearance provided around tank is a minimum of 15 inches. Reference NFPA 37, Section 6.3.5.1.2
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]
86.	Pressure relief valves and relief piping are provided where the potential exists for over-pressurizing fuel system
	piping, and is routed without valves or traps to the source tank or collection system. Reference: NFPA 37, Section
	6.5
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]
87.	Hydrostatic test will be performed in the presence of the Fire Inspector for all piping and underground tanks.
	Reference: SFFC, Sections 5703.6.3 and 5704.2.12
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]

## ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR INSTALLATIONS SERVING REQUIRED EMERGENCY POWER SUPPLY SYSTEMS (EPSS)

(THIS CATEGORY INCLUDES EMERGENCY SYSTEMS AND LEGALLY REQUIRED STANDBY AS DEFINED BY THE NATIONAL ELECTRIC CODE. SEE DEFINITIONS SECTION.)

(COMPLETE QUESTIONS 88-101 WHEN INSTALLATION SERVES THIS TYPE OF EQUIPMENT)

88.	Locations housing required EPSS and Standby equipment will be provided with battery-powered emergency				
	lighting. The charging system and the normal service room lighting shall be supplied from the load side of the				
	transfer switch. Reference: NFPA 110, Section 7.3				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
89.	Generators serving EPSS systems will have a remote panel, powered by the storage battery that complies with the				
	NFPA 110, Section 5.6.5.2. Such panel will be located immediately outside of the EPSS service room and will				
	include all status indicators as required as by NFPA 110, Table 5.6.5.2				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
90.	EPS equipment is provided with a minimum of 36 inches clearance on all sides. Required when generator is used				
	for required emergency loads. Reference: NFPA 110, Section 7.2.5				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE] 88. Installation is serving high-rise				
	building emergency power systems.				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
	NOTE: Emergency and standby power status indicators are required in the Fire Command Center per SFFC,				
	Section 911. Status indicators shall include but not be limited to: running, failure to start, controller off automatic,				
	trouble (e.g., low oil, high temperature, over speed), fuel leak detection alarms (piping, tank room), and low fuel				
	level alarms. Generator supervision devices, manual start and transfer features. See SFFD AB #3.01.				
91.	Power Distribution/Riser Diagram has been reviewed and approved by the Electrical Inspection Division.				
	Name of approving ELECTRICAL inspector:				
92.	For generators serving EPSS, prime movers are provided with instruments and accessories as required by NFPA				
	110, Section 5.6.3				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
93.	Engines for EPSS are located in a separate room of minimum 2-hour fire-rated construction. Only EPSS equipment				
	is permitted in room. Reference: NFPA 110, Section 7.2.1YES orNO orN/A				
	[DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
94.	Electrical rooms for normal building power will be free of EPSS equipment. Reference: NFPA 110, Section 7.2.2				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
95.	Engines serving EPSS are provided with a remote manual stop station of a type to prevent inadvertent or				
	unintentional operation station located immediately outside the generator room. Reference: NFPA 110, § 5.6.5.6				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
96.	At least two sets of instruction manuals in accordance with Section 8.2.1 of NFPA 110 will be provided to the				
	building. One set will be located in a secure, convenient location near the equipment. The other set will be kept in				
	a different secure location. Reference: NFPA 110, Sections 8.2.1 and 8.2.2				
	YES orNO orN/A [DISCIPLINE/TITLE]				
97.	For EPSS systems, a routine and operational testing program has been designed and a written record in accordance				
	with 2016 Edition of NFPA 110, Section 8.3.3 is in place to begin immediately after acceptance, including transfer				
	switch and battery requirements. Reference: NEPA 110, && 8.3.5 and 8.3.7				

	YES or _	NO or	N/A [	DISCIPLINE/TITLE]
98.	Generators serving	g EPSS shall emplo	y a program-	timing device to exercise the EPSS as described in Chapter 8
	of the NFPA 110.	The transfer switche	s for Level 1	and Level 2 EPSS shall transfer the connected load to the
	EPS per NFPA 110	), Section <i>s</i> 6.2.11 a	nd 6.2.11.1	
	YES or _	NO or	N/A [	DISCIPLINE/TITLE]
99.	All elements of the	e fuel delivery syste	ems serving e	mergency generators and fire pumps for required emergency
	power are provided	d with a means of s	econdary pow	er. Reference: NFPA 110, Section 7.9.9 and SFFD
	Interpretation.			
	YES or _	NO or	N/A [	DISCIPLINE/TITLE]
100.	Fuel Tank is sized	so that fuel is cons	umed within s	storage life (1-1/2 years), or provisions will be made to replace
	stale fuel with fresh	n fuel. Reference: N	FPA 110, Sec	ction 7.9.1.
	YES or _	NO or	N/A [	DISCIPLINE/TITLE]
101.	Fuel tanks for EPS	S are placed as clo	se as practica	able to the prime mover. Reference: 2016 Edition of NFPA
	110, Section 7.9.2			
	YES or _	NO or	N/A [	DISCIPLINE/TITLE]

**NOTE:** Final approval of fire pumps requires completion of a field acceptance test conducted in accordance with NFPA 20, Section 14.2.1. Pump test shall be attended by the pump manufacturer representative, engine manufacturer representative, transfer switch manufacturer representative (when supplied), installing contractor, and should be attended by the owner representative. The SFFD District Fire Inspector shall be notified in advance of the time and place of the test, and shall be provided with the pump acceptance test data.

Final approval of required emergency generators requires completion of **Installation Acceptance Testing** in accordance with NFPA 110, Section 7.13. Person(s) responsible for testing the generator shall have experience and exhibit competence, or may be rejected at the time of the test. The SFFD District Fire Inspector and the DBI Electrical Inspector shall be notified in advance of the time and place of acceptance testing, and shall be provided with written testing data.

Prepared by (signature):		
	Mechanical Engineer-Ventilation	Please include
		professional
	Fax No.:	Title and wet Stamp here.
	s assisting in the preparation of this checklist essional titles/stamps on the following page.	
Prepared by (signature):	Mechanical Engineer-Plumbing	Please include Professional
		Title and wet Stamp here.
Address:		
	Fax No.:	
Prepared by (signature):		
	Fire Protection Engineer	Please include
		Professional Title and wet
Address:		Stamp here.
Prione No.:	Fax No.:	

		Architect		
Prepared by (signature):				
Firm Name:			Please include	
Address:			Professional	
Phone No.:			Title and wet Stamp here.	
Prepared by (signature):		Electrical Engineer		
Firm Name:			Diagon include	
Address:			Please include Professional	
Phone No.:	Fax No.:		Title and wet Stamp here.	